Computer Simulation of Condensed Matter (SIMCON)

- 1. Introduction
- Models and force fields
- Simulation methodologies

PART I: MOLECULAR DYNAMICS

- 2. Solving the equations of motion numerically
- Equations of motion

- Finite Difference Methods: Euler, Verlet, Leapfrog, Runge-Kutta and predictor-corrector algorithms

- 3. Simulating a system of N particles
- Energies and forces
- Periodic boundary conditions
- Short-range forces and minimum image method
- Long-range interactions: Ewald and reaction field methods
- Thermostats and barostats
- Rigid systems
- 4. Introduction to quantum methods
- Variational and Hartree-Fock methods
- Density Functional Theory and "ab initio" methods
- Car-Parrinello Molecular Dynamics. Empirical Valence Bond methods. Examples

PART II: MONTE CARLO METHODS

- 5. Monte Carlo simulation of discrete and continuous systems
- Basics: Metropolis algorithm. Detailed balance
- Monte Carlo statistical ensembles: canonical and beyond
- Re-scaling and finite size phase transitions

PART III: APPLICATIONS

- 6. Hard Condensed Matter:
- Nanomaterials: carbon nanotubes, graphene
- 7. Soft Condensed Matter:
- Interfaces and confined fluids: silica pores
- Biomembranes. Interaction with drugs

References:

- 1. D.Frenkel, B. Smit, Understanding Molecular Simulation, Academic Press, 2002.
- 2. J.M.Thijssen, *Computational Physics*, Cambridge, 2007.
- 3. 3. *H.Gould, J.Tobochnik, W.Christian, An Introduction to Computer Simulation Methods: Application to Physical Systems,* Addison Wesley, 2007.

Qualifying system based on:

- A. Questionnaire-exam (20%)
- B. Practices with computer (40%)
- C. Presentation of personal work (MD or MC project code) in class (40%)

Final mark = 0.2*questions + 0.4*practices + 0.4*Project

A re-evaluation exam will be carried out if necessary.